KJE Nyelvvizsgaközpont



IDEGENFORGALOM PROFIL

FELSŐFOK KÉTNYELVŰ ÍRÁSBELI

ANGOL NYELV

A vizsga részei	Maximális pontszám	Teljesítési minimum (40%)	Megoldáshoz rendelkezésre álló idő	Szótárhasználat
1. Nyelvtan-szókincs 1	10			
2. Nyelvtan-szókincs 2	10	nincs		nem engedélyezett
3. Írott szöveg értése 1	24		80 perc	
4. Írott szöveg értése 2	24	20 pont		
5. Közvetítés 1	10			
6. Közvetítés 2	10	8 pont		
7. Íráskészség 1	20		140 perc	engedélyezett
8. Íráskészség 2	20	16 pont		
Összesen	128		220 perc	

Kodolányi János Egyetem

1. Nyelvtan és szókincs 1

Az alábbi szövegben 15 kihagyott helyet talál. Olvassa el a szöveget és egészítse ki a kihagyásokat a szöveg után található négy-négy lehetséges megoldás közül a helyessel. A legelső kihagyásnál a megoldást példaként feltüntettük. A feladat megoldásához szótárt nem használhat.

Hard Times for Business Travel

(0) (B) the world economy enters stormy waters, companies are widely expected to (1) business travel this year. In the early weeks of 2013, businesses have yet to limit their travel expenditure. A US study last week said pessimism among chief financial officers was (2) its highest for four years and business leaders were putting contingency plans in place for a year – at least – of trading difficulty.
A number of travel companies are expressing the hope that the business travel sector will (3) to be less vulnerable than in the past to economic downturns.
This optimism would probably not be felt, were it not for the success of 2012, one of the best years for business travel (4) record. Aircraft were full, driving up prices, city centre hotels enjoyed (5) demand.
As forecasts all point to the growth of hotel and airport infrastructure to (6) increasing demand, particularly in the Chinese and Indian economies, the expectation is that these trends will continue in the long (7)
More immediately, some annoying news is keeping the business travel market in check. <i>Maxjet</i> , the business class-only airline, (8) bankrupt just before Christmas, and (9) , among other problems, reduced consumer spending. Its decline may call into question the future of this niche market, whose appearance reflected increasing demand and the willingness of customers to pay more for better service. According to some analysts, <i>Maxjet</i> had a flawed business model and was vulnerable to competition. <i>Eos</i> and <i>Silverjet</i> , the two remaining all-business (10) , have made a lot of efforts to stress their businesses are fundamentally sound.
But as Open Skies widens the choice for transatlantic travel, and as the low-(11) airlines seize the opportunity to grab (12) from businesses worrying about budgets, price competition is sure to intensify, despite upward pressures from rising fuel costs. The expectation across the industry is that capacity will increase and prices will come down in the second half of the year.
Travel management companies are bound to feel the need to offer further discounts to existing and (13) clients. Hogg Robinson, the UK-based agency, says trading conditions have been "challenging" since late November.
American Express says the outlook is not entirely filled with gloom. Customers from the financial services industry have noticeably reduced travel and entertainment spending. In (14), business travel spending is accelerating among manufacturing and construction industry clients.
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Conferences, says Charles Petruccelli, (15)_____ for AmEx, are still going on, but "people are being cautious. There could be a slowdown in travel and entertainment spend. It is usually one of the first things to be curtailed."

0.	A. While	B. As	C. Still	D. Unless
1.	A. get down to	B. put up with	C. do away with	D. cut back on
2.	A. on	B. by	C. at	D. for
3.	A. seem	B. demonstrate	C. show	D. prove
4.	A. by	B. at	C. in	D. on
5.	A. shrinking	B. fluctuating	C. booming	D. plummeting
6.	A. meet	B. fit	C. find	D. set
7.	A. distance	B. end	C. turn	D. run
8.	A. went	B. got	C. took	D. had
9.	A. charged	B. sued	C. accused	D. blamed
10.	A. transporters	B. aviators	C. shippers	D. carriers
11.	A. budgets	B. cost	C. price	D. expense
12.	A. consumption	B. clientele	C. subsidiary	D. recruitment
13.	A. provisional	B. scheduled	C. progressive	D. prospective
14.	A. opposition	B. conflict	C. contrast	D. contrary
15.	A. spokesperson	B. correspondent	C. chairperson	D. broadcaster

2. Nyelvtan és szókincs 2

Az alábbi szövegben 15 kihagyott helyet talál. Olvassa el a szöveget és egészítse ki a kihagyásokat egyetlen szóval. Tehát minden helyre CSAK EGY SZÓT írhat. Összevont alakok (pl. isn't; don't) két szónak számítanak. Az első megoldást példaként feltüntettük. A feladat megoldásához szótárt nem használhat.

Tourism Rebounds on Island of "Hobbit" Fossil Find

Imagine a tropical island with three-foot-tall locals, dolphin-size lizards, rabbit-size rats, and pygmelephants, all living together in the shadows of active volcanoes. This was the island of Flores Indonesia, (0)(many) years ago.
Modern-day Flores, an island of small villages and underdeveloped infrastructure, would hav never become a major tourist (1) unless scientists had announced a surprising discovery the excavation of the 18,000-year-old remains of some of Flores's earliest (2), a hobbit-like very short humans known as homo floresiensis.
Flores has generated newspaper headlines before, but not the kind that (3) tourist natural disasters in the '70s and '90s and economic crisis in the late '90s, followed by political problems in East Timor and Bali, because of which thousands of inhabitants were (4) the leave their homes. By 2000 tourism had (5) from 35,000 visitors a year to just 10,000.

This year, however, the Flores Tourist Authority reports that travel to the island has already increased (6) 21 percent, probably due to media coverage. Peter Paka, the owner of Cita Travel Service, a Bali-based company that leads tours to Flores, noted a 1,000 percent increase (7) daily visits to his company's web site immediately after the discovery.
In response, Paka has launched a new tour of Flores including a day-trip to the site where the "hobbit" was discovered. Rates for these tours, which (8) from three to seven days, start from \$400 per person. Prices (9) transportation within Indonesia, accommodation, most meals, entrance fees, English-speaking guides and drivers.
(10) Flores's newfound fame, visitors can expect to lack most modern comfort once they are there. Poor infrastructure means a number of hotels don't offer showers. Most rooms are (11) with only a bed and a ventillating fan. And during the rainy (12), the island's unpaved roads are often too muddy to be used.
Some of the caves, most considerably Liang Bua, where the <i>Homo floresiensis</i> fossils were discovered, are open for tours. Visitors must make do with the cave's limestone formations, (13) its famous fossils have been excavated and transported to Jakarta for further study.
Exotic creatures can be seen on the island of Flores, including dolphin-size Komodo dragons, the world's largest lizards. A four-hour boat trip from Labuhanbajo, on Flores's western tip, can also take visitors to see the 'dragons' on Komodo, the island for (14) the lizards are named.
Flores also has fascinating geology. The island's main attraction has long been the trio of crater lakes on the top of the Keli Mutu volcano. (15) once they were vibrant shades of red, white, and blue, the lakes' colour have changed over time to aquamarine, red-brown, and black as a result of the activity of the volcano.

3. Írott szöveg értése 1

Olvassa el figyelmesen az alábbi szöveget, majd az ütemenként megadott három-három lehetséges megoldás közül válassza ki a tartalmilag helyes megoldás betűjelét. A feladat megoldásához szótárt nem használhat.

International Departures

For captain Brian Murray, the memory of the way pilots and crew were treated during the airline bankruptcies of the 1980s still stings. "Planes were parked. Crews were out and had to find their own way home," says the former *Piedmont Airlines* pilot. "We were bringing people home in the cockpit and in the back of the cabin." After 23 years of flying mainline American carriers, Murray says he became "tired of watching senior management march through the airline and leave with huge golden parachutes."

So in July 2004 he jumped too, from *US Airways* to Dubai-based *Emirates*. His new company provides him with a freshly pressed uniform and a chauffeur-driven car to each flight. Murray has a benefits package that has lured more than 100 *US Airways* pilots to *Emirates* over the past four years. One-third of the 23 former *US Airways* pilots at *Emirates* had the option to return when the airline recalled them from furlough after the cuts in 2004. Only one did. "It's just not worth it," Murray says. "Employees have been beaten down to the lowest common denominator, where the salary, benefits and career path are so miserable, so uncertain." And maybe it's also because the guys who once ruled the American skies now have a different status at the legacy carriers: employee.

That sentiment, a common one among the more than 10,000 American airline pilots put on furlough between late 2001 and 2006, has led to what many airline experts call a major shortage of pilots willing to work for American carriers. Bankruptcies, pay cuts, frozen pensions, eroded job security and increases in monthly flight hours have pushed some pilots out of the industry. Others have simply picked up and followed the best jobs overseas. *Emirates*, for example expects to hire 540 pilots this year. Half the applicants are Americans, compared with just 7% of its current pilots.

Pilots flying for airlines in foreign markets say they are treated like upper-level managers, with something they feel they no longer get in the USA: respect. China and India are signing up pilots with five-to-seven-year contracts and giving them the chance to move around the world without having to start at the bottom and advance - something stifled by the seniority system in the USA "It's an amazing opportunity," says Murray.

The USA is still the world's pilot training ground, but the pool of young talent is drying up. The number of military pilots, once a reliable source of commercial recruits, has been declining. Flight instructors, whom the industry needs to keep the pipeline of new pilots flowing, are hopping abroad rather than spending years racking up hours to qualify for bottom-rung American pilot posts.

So who will fill the estimated 12,000 new airline pilot jobs created this year in the USA? Major airlines can still skim off the top to fill plum jobs with eager regional pilots, but then those regional positions will need to be filled. That is forcing some smaller carriers, such as *Pinnacle Airlines* and *Comair*, to reduce flight-hour requirements for experienced pilots or offer training-completion bonuses to new flight-school graduates.

Captain John Prater, president of the Airlines Pilots Association, says a shortage of qualified pilots is severely affecting some regionals' ability to fly, tempting them to push pilots to fly beyond Federal Aviation Administration maximum flight times. "Chronic pilot fatigue jeopardizes safety, and the pipeline's flow," he says.

- 1. In the first paragraph Brian Murray expresses his dissatisfaction with how ...
 - a. passengers behaved during flights in the 1980s.
 - b. the people in charge let down their employees.
 - c. the management wanted to save the airline.
- 2. Brian Murray ...
 - a. left his job because he wasn't sure there was any future in it.
 - b. left his job because he didn't want to be an employee of the US Airways any more.
 - c. regrets he did not go back to US Airways.
- 3. American carriers ...
 - a. have caused a massive shift of pilots from the USA into the international market.
 - b. can offer working conditions as good as those at *Emirates*.
 - c. employed the most pilots at the beginning of the 2000s.

- 4. According to the text ...
 - a. some of the airline pilots used to work in the army.
 - b. flight instructors are willing to work in the USA, despite all the difficulties.
 - c. Both a. and b. are true.
- 5. According to the text ...
 - a. in the USA pilots are admired due to their personal qualities and achievements.
 - b. in China and India pilots do not have to climb the career ladder to be among the best pilots.
 - c. pilots in foreign markets get only short-term employment.
- 6. According to the text ...
 - a. new pilot job vacancies in the USA will be easily filled by fresh applicants.
 - b. major airlines will have to make do with inexperienced pilots.
 - c. regional airlines will have to offer more attractive jobs for job seekers.

4. Írott szöveg értése 2

Olvassa el a szöveget és egészítse ki a kihagyásokat a szöveg után található mondatok listájából (A-H). A nyolc megadott mondatból csak hatot lehet felhasználni. Két mondat tehát nem kerül felhasználásra. Egy mondat csak egyetlen helyre írható. A feladat megoldásához szótárt nem használhat.

The Plane Truth: The Secret Life of Luggage

Every year, tens of millions of air passengers willingly entrust their luggage to a tangled system of conveyor belts, relying on blind faith that they will see their valuables again.

The cancellation of 430 flights from Heathrow's new Terminal 5 and faults with the terminal's automated baggage-handling system, have spelt disaster for travellers. (1)_____. As the biggest airline public-relations disaster in living memory lurched from one surreal revelation to the next, it also emerged that British Airways had been reduced to sending 20,000 cases by road to Milan, to be processed at a sorting facility and then, with any luck, reunited with their owners.

It may sound like a crazy plan but it makes sense to the airline. There is no glory in losing passengers' luggage. If a bag is mislaid on a short-haul flight, it can cost the airline more to find and return it than the fare the passenger paid in the first place. (2)_____.

Although it takes 24 hours to transport luggage from Heathrow to Milan before being returned, bizarrely it's quicker than sending the bags all the way by air. This is due to the screening procedures, which are extra-tough when luggage is flying without an owner. Terminal 5, despite having the most hi-tech baggage-handling system available, still doesn't have the wherewithal to process delayed bags on site.

If nothing else, the Terminal 5 disaster has highlighted the surprisingly tricky business of getting air passengers' bags from A to B. You are never more likely than now to be separated, for longer than you'd like, from your bags while flying. It goes without saying that insurance claims on lost luggage are at a record high. In theory, the procedure for handling checked-in luggage is straightforward.

(3) ______. Here it will be screened, sorted into the baggage cart that's been assigned to your

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_	ht, and then loaded on to the aircraft. Arriving Baggage Systems will unload the aircraft, stack luggage on to a cart and then unload it on to the designated carousel in the arrivals hall.
in a	Il sounds straightforward, doesn't it? (4) One in every 60 pieces of luggage checked at one of Europe's airports will fail to arrive with its owner. British Airways, the largest carrier ough Heathrow, is perennially named among the worst offenders.
the res bag	sponsibility (i.e. blame) for the care of luggage is divided between the airport, the airline and company handling baggage. (5) The airline and its baggage-handling agent are ponsible for bags during check-in, for removing bags from chutes to aircraft, and then getting from planes to terminal. (6) When things go wrong, they don't hesitate to blame th other.
A.	Back in the summer of 2007, BA got into the habit of sending luggage-only jumbos to the US in an effort to return passengers' belongings.
В.	Behind the scenes, getting lost or being mishandled aren't the only perils faced by your luggage.
C.	Departing Baggage Systems will "input" your bag, attaching a tag with a barcode to it, before sending it along the conveyor belt.
D.	For the passengers these seem to be interdependent, yet they only add more potential for things to go wrong.
E.	They created a mammoth backlog of lost luggage.
F.	The airport manager is responsible for providing and operating the mechanical baggage systems, which screen and sort the bags.
G.	Wrapping your luggage in plastic won't stop a determined thief, but it's a deterrent, and you can at least take the mangled wrapping to the airline as proof of tampering.
н.	Yet airlines manage to send luggage to the wrong place, not send it at all, or lose it, with

terrifying regularity.

5. Közvetítés 1

Olvassa el figyelmesen az alábbi szöveget és foglalja össze **angol** nyelven 150-180 szóban. **Ne törekedjen szó szerinti fordításra, de ügyeljen arra, hogy a magyar szöveg minden lényeges információja szerepeljen az angol nyelvű szövegben.** A feladat megoldásához nyomtatott szótár használható.

Utasbiztosítás

Az emberek egyharmada, optimista becslések szerint fele köt csupán utasbiztosítást – vélik a szakemberek. A biztosítók kínálata igen változatos, egy esetleges baleset költségei pedig igen magasak lehetnek, ezért érdemes tájékozódni és választani is egyet mielőtt útra kelünk. Az Európai Unió polgáraként Európai Egészségbiztosítási Kártyát (EEK) válthatunk ki, amelynek birtokában olyan ellátásra vagyunk jogosultak, amilyen az adott ország polgárait is megilleti.

Ez azt jelenti, ha valamelyik országban az állampolgároknak fedezni kell kezelési költségük egy részét, vagy utólag, számla ellenében kapják vissza a társadalombiztosítótól az egészségügyi szolgáltatás árát, akkor ez a magyarokra is érvényes. Kiegészítő biztosításokkal pótolhatjuk azokat a hiányosságokat, amelyek az EEK vagy bankkártya kínálta szolgáltatásokban nincsenek benne.

A szakemberek szerint öt fontos szempontot kell mérlegelni, amikor kiválasztjuk a biztosítást. Az egyik, hogy hova utazunk, országonként eltérő ugyanis az egészségügyi ellátás költsége, az Egyesült Államokban vagy Svájcban például nagyon drága. A közlekedési eszköz, amivel utazunk szintén fontos. Amennyiben gépkocsival utazunk, érdeklődjünk, hogy a választott utasbiztosítás baleset esetén biztosít-e jogvédelmet, vagyis az ügyvédi költségeket fedezi-e, illetve lehetőséget nyújt-e arra, hogy más közlekedési eszközzel utazzon tovább a család. Szintén fontos, hogy mivel szeretnénk eltölteni a kikapcsolódásra szánt órákat. Az extrém sportokra, vagy akár a népszerű nyári elfoglaltságokra (jet-ski, para-sailing, búvárkodás) ugyanis külön biztosítást kell kötni. A poggyászunk értéke és már meglévő biztosításaink limitösszege szintén mérlegelendő.

6. Közvetítés 2

Olvassa el figyelmesen az alábbi szöveget és foglalja össze **magyar** nyelven maximum 200 szóban. **Ne törekedjen szó szerinti fordításra, de ügyeljen arra, hogy az angol szöveg minden lényeges információja szerepeljen a magyar nyelvű szövegben.** A feladat megoldásához nyomtatott szótár használható.

Trophy Trips¹

For a few years now, Type A travelers have been racing off to polo matches in Mongolia and Norwegian salmon-fishing expeditions with waiting lists that can last a lifetime. But lately the idea of the trophy trip has reached a peak, as the travel industry keeps offering rarer and more meaningful ways to connect to the world.

When it opens later this year, for example, the Palazzo Tournabuoni in Florence, a destination club managed by Four Seasons, will let members not only sleep in a 15th-century palace but also gain access to be perfume consultations and hard-hat tours of monuments under restoration.

"Most of our clients have 'been there, done that,' " says Mollie Fitzgerald of the high-end agency Frontiers International Travel. "People are seeking richer experiences." Roughly 85 percent of Frontiers' clients ask for some kind of singular activity during their trip, such as working with impoverished children at the Aspara Arts Association in Phnom Penh. In fact, trips that include purpose and pampering confer particularly enviable status. A week at a private Kenyan estate costs \$250,000 for up to 14 guests, with the proceeds going to local conservation and development. So far, the bulk of the bookings have come from the United States.

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¹ trophy trips are like "trophy wives" – they look good and make other people jealous (i.e. these trips are expensive, special and unique)

7. Íráskészség 1 – Beszámoló

Ön Kiss Dóra/Donát, egy Magyarországon terjeszkedni kívánó kanadai szállodaláncnál dolgozik. A szállodalánc szeretne Magyarországon egy wellness szállodát építeni. Írjon elöljárójának, Mr Randall Smithnek egy 350-400 szavas beszámolót amelyben javaslatot tesz arra, hol lehetne felépíteni a szállodát, és további szempontokra is kitér:

- leírja, mely magyar város lenne a legalkalmasabb a szálloda megépítésére és miért
- vázolja, hogyan fog kinézni a tervezett épület és helyiségei
- kitér a hotel által nyújtandó szolgáltatásokra a lehetséges vendégkörre
- vázolja a projekt finanszírozási lehetőségeit

A beszámoló megírása során ügyeljen a logikus felépítésre és a szöveg tagolására. A feladat megoldásához nyomtatott szótár használható. A fent megadott nevek kivételével kitalált adatokkal dolgozzon. Kérjük, olvashatóan írjon.

8. Íráskészség 2 -- Hivatalos e-mail

Ön Kovács Barbara/Benedek, a magyarországi *Paripa* lovaspanzió üzletvezető-helyettese. Írjon az új-zélandi *Super Riding* lovascentrum álláshirdetésére (üzletvezető-helyettest keresnek) egy 180-220 szavas motivációs e-mailt, amelyben:

- leírja, hol, milyen munkakörben dolgozik, mik a feladatai
- bemutatja ismereteit és munkatapasztalatait
- részletesen ír motivációjáról és rátermettségéről
- vázolja, miért épp a Super Ridingnál szeretne dolgozni

Az e-mail megírása során ügyeljen a szöveg logikus felépítésére és tagolására. A feladat megoldásához nyomtatott szótár használható. A fent megadott nevek kivételével kitalált adatokkal dolgozzon. Kérjük, olvashatóan írjon.

MEGOLDÓKULCS:

1. Nyelvtan és szókincs 1 (Hard Times for Business Travel)

	Α	В	С	D
0		X		
1				Χ
2			Χ	
3				Χ
4				Χ
5			Χ	
6	Χ			
7				Х

	Α	В	С	D
8	Χ			
9				Χ
10				Х
11		Χ		
12		Χ		
13				Х
14			Χ	
15	Χ			

2. Nyelvtan és szókincs 2 (Tourism Rebounds on Island of "Hobbit" Fossil Find)

0	are
1	attractions/centre/destination
2	inhabitants
3	attract/draw
4	forced
5	fallen/decreased/dropped
6	by
7	in

8	range/vary/last		
9	cover/include		
10	Despite		
11	equipped/furnished/provided		
12	season/months/days		
13	since/as/because		
14	which		
15	Although/Though		

3. Írott szöveg értése 1 (International Departures)

	Α	В	U
1		Χ	
2		Χ	
3	Χ		
4	Χ		
5		Χ	
6		Χ	

4. Írott szöveg értése 2 (The Plane Truth: The Secret Life of Luggage)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Е	Α	С	Н	D	F